ASSESSING THE LESSON

27.1. Vocabulary

Ex. 1. Match the words with their definitions.

1. interest	a. to evaluate or determine the quality,	
2 .	value, or importance of something.	
2. revive	b. the opening part of something that	
	provides basic information or context.	
3. accomplish	c. a feeling of wanting to learn more	
	about something or being involved in a	
	particular activity.	
4. approach	d. in a way that is easy to understand or	
	perceive without confusion.	
5. clearly	e. to go back and visit a place or topic	
	again for further examination or	
	consideration.	
6. observe	f. an objective or target that one aims to	
	achieve.	
7. introduction	g. comments or opinions given to	
	provide guidance or evaluation on	
	performance or behavior.	
8. goal	h. to make someone feel uncertain or	
	unclear about something.	
9. assess	i. to watch carefully or notice something	
	through observation.	
10. explain	j. to bring back to life or restore	
•	consciousness or strength.	
11. confuse	k. to be deprived of something or fail to	
	keep possession of it.	
12. lose	1. to successfully complete a task or	
	achieve a goal.	
13. revisit	m. to make something clear or	
	understandable by providing	
	information or details.	
14. feedback	n. a way of dealing with a situation or	
	problem; to move closer to something or	
	someone.	
	someone.	

Ex. 2. Complete the sentences with the given words:

approach, goals, revive, assess, interest, explain, feedback, confused, revisiting, observe, introduction, accomplish, lose, clearly (2)

It is essential to	(1) a thorough assessment of the student's		
progress after each lesson.			
The teacher will	(2) the students' understanding by asking		
thought-provoking questions			
	(3) to assessing the lesson ensures accurate results		
and feedback for improveme	nt.		
	nicate(4) the criteria for		
assessment to avoid any con	fusion.		
	(5) if the assessment methods are not		
(6) explai	ned.		
	(7) the purpose of the assessment to		
motivate students to do their	best.		
	(8) is crucial in guiding students towards achieving		
their learning goals.			
Setting clear	(9) before assessing the lesson helps in measuring		
the students' performance ac	curately.		
Sparking	(10) in the assessment process can lead to better		
engagement and outcomes.			
An(11) to	the assessment criteria at the beginning of the lesson		
sets the expectations.			
Students who don't perform	well may(12) confidence and		
motivation without proper su	ipport.		
The teacher will	(13) the students during the class to gather data		
for assessment.			
To(14) in	terest, the teacher might incorporate interactive		
activities into the assessment			
(15) key c	concepts during the assessment can help reinforce		
learning for the students.			

27.2. Word Formation

Ex. 1. Change the form of the words if necessary.

1. She will	(accomplish) her goal by the end of the month.		
2. Winning the competit	ion was a great	(accomplish) for him.	
3. The	_(assess) showed that she	had improved significantly.	
4. I need to	(assess) the situation before making a decision.		
5. They are currently	(assess) th	e potential risks involved.	
6. He felt	(confuse) about which direction to take next.		
7. There was	(confuse) regarding the new company policy.		
8. Let me	(introduce) you to my	friend from college.	
9. The	(introduce) of the new	product was well-received by	

27.3. Reading

Ex. 1. Read the text.

Assessing the Lesson in the Kindergarten

Yesterday I taught a lesson to a group of 20 children aged between four and five years old at a kindergarten. The topic was 'Animals' and the aim was for the children to be able to recognize and say the names of different animals.

The lesson began with a song called 'Old MacDonald Had a Farm'. The children already knew this song so they joined in very quickly. They were also given pictures of animals and asked to match them to the words in the song. This activity was done in pairs and most of the children managed it easily. Then, as a whole class, we sang the song again, but this time the children made the animal noises as well. They loved doing this! After the song, the children were divided into two teams and played a game on the interactive whiteboard. They had to choose the right animal when its name appeared on the screen. The first team to choose the correct animal won a point. The children loved the game and were very competitive. Finally, the children were given coloring sheets. They colored the pictures of the animals and then showed their pictures to each other and said the names of the animals.

Overall, I think the lesson went very well. All the children participated actively in the activities and seemed to enjoy themselves. They were motivated by the use of the song and the interactive whiteboard game. The instructions were clear and easy for the children to understand. However, there were a couple of things that could have been better. Firstly, the activity with the coloring sheets took too long. Some of the children finished quickly and became bored while they waited for the others to finish. Next time, I would give the faster children an extra task to do, such as drawing more animals. Secondly, the game on the interactive whiteboard was quite difficult for some of the children. In future, I need to make sure that the activities are at the right level for all the children.

Ex. 2. Answer the questions.

- 1. Why did the teacher choose the topic of 'Animals' for the lesson?
- 2. How did the children participate in the activity with matching pictures of animals to words in the song?
- 3. What was the purpose of dividing the children into two teams for a game on the interactive whiteboard?
- 4. How did the use of the song and interactive whiteboard impact the children's engagement in the lesson?
- 5. What were some positive aspects of the lesson according to the teacher's assessment?
- 6. What improvements does the teacher suggest for future lessons based on this experience?
- 7. How did the children demonstrate their learning at the end of the lesson?