

THE REPUBLIC OF INGUSHETIA

Included in the North Caucasus Federal District, is part of the North Caucasus Economic district. Capital- city of Magas.

In the west it borders with North Ossetia, in the east - with the Chechen Republic, in the south - with the Mtskheta-Mtianeti region of Georgia, a section of the border with which is also section of the state border Russian Federation.

Formed June 4, 1992.

The smallest region in the Russian Federation, not counting federal cities.



STATE STRUCTURE AND CAPITAL

The system of government bodies of the Republic of Ingushetia is formed by:

- President of the Republic of Ingushetia.
- People's Assembly - Parliament of the Republic of Ingushetia.
- Government of the Republic of Ingushetia.
- Republican and territorial executive authorities of the Republic of Ingushetia.
- Constitutional Court of the Republic of Ingushetia.
- Magistrates of the Republic of Ingushetia.

The capital is the city of Magas.



REPUBLIC SYMBOLS, ANTHEM, REPUBLIC DAY

The white color symbolizes the purity of thoughts and actions characteristic of the people of Ingushetia; blue - a symbol of the sky, space; green color represents nature, abundance and fertility of the land of Ingushetia, and is also a symbol of Islam; red color is a symbol of the centuries-old struggle of the Ingush people for survival; yellow is the color of the Sun, which gives life to man and nature"

The solar sign on the flag of the Republic of #Ingushetia means the eternal movement of the Sun and the Universe, interconnection, infinity, eternity of all things.

Republic Day in Ingushetia is celebrated on June 4.

Hymn:



GEOGRAPHY

Ingushetia is located on the northern slopes of the foothills of the Greater Caucasus Range (in its central part) and on the adjacent small ones to the ridges Tersky, Sunzhensky and Skalist. The length from north to south is 144 km, from west to east - 72 km.

Vegetation: in the north - forest and forest-steppe, in the south in the mountains (up to an altitude of 1800 meters) - broad-leaved forests, with subalpine and alpine meadows located above. Mountain slopes are characterized by their own special, unique microclimate.



NATURAL RESOURCES, CLIMATE

The mineral resource base, at the current level of its exploration, consists of deposits of the following minerals: oil, gas, marble and marble-like building materials, dolomites, shell limestone, high quality brick clays, thermal healing waters and mineral water, reserves of clean mountain spring water. Geologists have discovered deposits of rare metals in the depths of Ingushetia.

The climate is continental, high-mountain; depends on altitude above sea level. Average temperatures in January are from $+3$ to $+10^{\circ}\text{C}$, in July - $+21$... $+23^{\circ}\text{C}$. Precipitation is up to 1200 mm per year.



POPULATION

The predominant ethnic group is Ingush. Big part of the Russian population left Ingushetia in the late 90s XX century. Population 527.2 thousand people. (2024).

National composition: Ingush- 477,144 (94.10%) people, Chechens - 23,325 (4.60%) people, Russians - 4,564 (0.90%) people, other nationalities (less than 0.5% each) - 2,028 (0.4%).



HISTORICAL AND NATURAL ATTRACTIONS FOR TOURISTS AND GUESTS OF THE REPUBLIC



Mausoleum of Borg-Kash



Tower complex Targim



Temple Thaba-Erdy