Pharmacists in the UK

Vocabulary

Ex. 1. Match the words with their definitions.

1. backflow	a. an organ in the body that helps
	you breathe by taking in air and
	releasing carbon dioxide.
2. tissue	b. a group of similar cells in the
	body that work together to perform
	a specific function.
3. mammal	c. a type of animal that has fur or
	hair and usually gives birth to live
	young and feeds them with milk.
4. perspiration	d. the food and nutrients that
	provide energy and support growth
	for living things.
5. lung	e. the movement of liquid in the
	opposite direction from where it is
	supposed to go.
6. nourishment	f. a substance that can flow easily,
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	such as liquids like water or juice.
7. fluid	g. the process of sweating, where
	your body releases moisture
	through the skin to cool down.
8. valve	h. a structure that controls the flow
	of fluids in one direction within a
	system, like in the heart or veins.
9. prey	i. an animal that is hunted and eaten
	by another animal.
10. circulator	j. a system in the body that moves
	blood around to supply oxygen and
	nutrients to cells.
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Ex. 2. Complete the sentences with the given words.

epidermis, Carbon, venous, influence, Muscular, Heredity, birth, rib, nervous system, atrium

The _____(1) system carries blood back to the heart after it has delivered oxygen to the body.

Stress can have a big _____(2) on your overall health and can affect your immune system.

The _____(3) of a baby is usually a joyful event for the family and often brings everyone together.

(4) plays an important role in determining many health conditions that you may inherit from your parents.

(5) strength is essential for athletes to perform well in their sports and avoid injuries.

The n_____(6) sends messages throughout the body, controlling everything from movement to sensation.

The _____(7) is the outer layer of skin that protects our bodies from harmful elements in the environment.

A broken _____(8) can be very painful and may require several weeks of rest to heal properly.

(9) dioxide is a waste product that our bodies need to get rid of when we breathe out.

The _____(10) of the heart receives blood coming in from the body before it is pumped into the ventricle.

Reading

Ex. 1. Read the text.

Pharmacists in the UK play a pivotal role in the healthcare system, acting as a bridge between patients and the medical community. Their responsibilities extend beyond merely dispensing medications to include providing valuable advice on safe medication use, managing chronic conditions, and offering over-the-counter treatments. This profession demands expertise, attention to detail, and communication skills.

One unique aspect of working as a pharmacist in the UK is patientcentered care. Pharmacists conduct consultations to ensure patients understand treatment plans, potential side effects, and medication adherence. They are also involved in public health initiatives like flu vaccination programs.

The regulatory landscape for UK pharmacists is overseen by the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC), ensuring rigorous standards of professional conduct and continuous education. Career prospects range from community pharmacies to hospitals, the pharmaceutical industry, or academia.

In summary, a career as a pharmacist in the UK is challenging and rewarding, offering opportunities for professional growth and impacting patient health positively.

Ex. 2. Answer the questions.

1. What role do pharmacists in the UK play in the healthcare system?

2. Besides dispensing medications, what other responsibilities do pharmacists have?

3. How does patient-centered care factor into the work of pharmacists in the UK?

4. Who oversees the regulatory landscape for UK pharmacists?

5. What are some career prospects for pharmacists in the UK?

6. What are some key qualities required to succeed as a pharmacist in the UK?

7. How do pharmacists contribute to public health initiatives in the UK?

Communication

Ex. 1. Make sentences using the following words.

- 1. lungs/help/breathe
- 2. body/needs/survive
- 3. diaphragm/moves/breathe
- 4. oxygen/goes/lungs
- 5. respiratory system/nose/mouth
- 6. breathing/deeply/relax
- 7. respiratory system/work
- 8. air/travels/windpipe
- 9. improve/lung health/exercising
- 10.lungs/remove/carbon dioxide