

REPUBLIC OF CRIMEA

- ✓ The Republic of Crimea is a subject of the Russian Federation, a republic within it. Part of the Southern Federal District, part of the North Caucasus economic region.
- ✓ Territory area 26.1 thousand km² (2021). Population 1 916.8 thousand people (January 1, 2023), 1.3% of the population of the Russian Federation, 11.5% of the population of the Southern Federal District, in terms of population the republic ranks 25th among the constituent entities of the Russian Federation, 4th among the republics of the Russian Federation after Bashkortostan, Tatarstan and Dagestan. The capital is Simferopol.



STATE STRUCTURE AND CAPITAL

- ✓ Democratic legal state within the Russian Federation, expressing the will and interests of the people and republics.
- ✓ Constitution of the Republic of Crimea (adopted by the State Council of the Republic of Crimea on April 11, 2014) (with amendments and additions).
- ✓ The capital is the city of Simferopol.



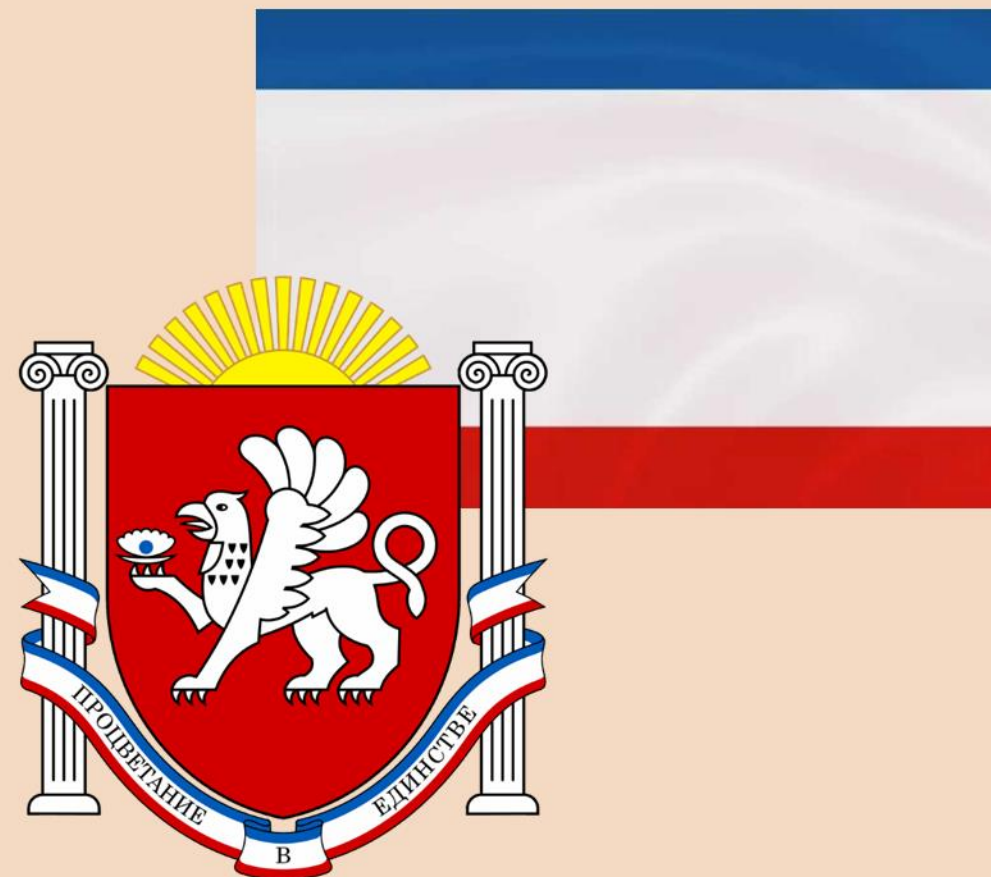
STATE SYMBOLS, REPUBLIC DAY ANTHEM

The Crimean flag consists of three stripes of different thicknesses. The middle white stripe occupies two-thirds of the canvas, and the upper blue and lower red stripes occupy 1/6 of the area. The red color speaks of the tragic pages of the history of Crimea, the blue color speaks of hope for bright future.

State emblem of the Republic of Crimea. The coat of arms represents a silver griffin in a scarlet Varangian shield facing left, holding in its right paw an open silver shell with a blue pearl.

Republic Day is celebrated on January 20 every year in Crimea.

Hymn:



GEOGRAPHY

- ✓ The relief of the Crimean peninsula consists of three unequal parts: the North Crimean Plain with the Tarkhankut Upland (about 70% of the territory), the Kerch Peninsula and in the south - the mountainous Crimea stretches in three ridges. The highest is the Main Range of the Crimean Mountains (1545 m, Mount Roman-Kosh), consisting of individual limestone massifs (yayls) with plateau-like peaks and deep canyons. The southern slope of the Main Ridge stands out as the Crimean sub-Mediterranean. The Inner and Outer ridges form the Crimean toothhills.



NATURAL RESOURCES, CLIMATE

Currently, three main groups are mined here:
fossil: Metal (ore) minerals used for production of metals
Non-metallic (non-metallic) minerals such as building materials, clays, sands and salts and etc.
Flammable fossils - oil, natural gas and coal.

The climate of the northern part is temperate continental, on the southern coast - with features similar to subtropical. The average January temperature is from $-1... -3^{\circ}\text{C}$ in the north of the steppe zone to $+1... -1^{\circ}\text{C}$ in the south of the steppe zone, on the southern coast of Crimea from $+2... +6^{\circ}\text{C}$.



POPULATION

The total population is approaching 2 million people, 2/3 of which are urban residents. More than half of the republic's population are Russians. Also living in Crimea are Ukrainians, Crimean Tatars, Greeks, Karaites, Krymchaks, Izhorians, Nogais and representatives of other nationalities.



HISTORICAL AND NATURAL ATTRACTIONS FOR TOURISTS AND GUESTS OF THE REPUBLIC



Balaclava



Khan's Palace



Castle "Swallow's
Nest"